

REGISTERED OFFICE: 4, SCINDIA HOUSE, NEW DELHI-110001 PHONE: 23457100 FAX: 91-11-23324136 E-mail: scml@dalmidelhi.com CIN: L74899DL1944PLC000759

AAL/SEC/SE/24-25/73

September 06, 2024

The Head – Listing & Compliance, Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited, Building A, Unit 205A, 2nd Floor, Piramal Agastya Corporate Park, L.B.S. Road, Kurla West, Mumbai-400070

Subject: Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed herewith the copy of Annual Report of the Company for the financial year 2023-24.

You are kindly requested to acknowledge the receipt.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully, For **ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED**



Sonal Popli Company Secretary Membership No. A44167

Place: New Delhi

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED NEW DELHI

80^{тн} ANNUAL REPORT 2023-24

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED CIN: L74899DL1944PLC000759

REGISTERED OFFICE

4- Scindia House, New Delhi-110001

CORPORATE OFFICE

7F-7H (7th Floor), Hansalaya Building, 15, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi-110001

Telephone: 011-45685625, 011-41070069 Website: www.alirox.com Email id: scml@dalmiadelhi.com

DIRECTORS

Dr. C.N. Maheshwari Shri C. Nagaratnam Smt. Leena Rawal Shri. L.N. Goyal (Resigned w.e.f. July 19, 2024) Shri. Rahul Kumar (Appointed w.e.f. June 28, 2024)

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

KFin Technologies Ltd. Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032 E-Mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com Website www.kfintech.com

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants Resigned w.e.f. August 09, 2024

M/s Kothari & Company Chartered Accountants Appointed w.e.f. August 10, 2024

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED' CIN NO: L74899DL1944PLC000759

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31st March, 2024

Your Directors hereby present the Eightieth Annual Report on the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

FINANCIAL RESULTS:

The Company's financial performance for the year ended 31st March, 2024 is summarized below:

(Rs. in Lacs)				
PARTICULARS	202	23-24	2022-23	
	Standalone	Consolidated	Standalone	Consolidated
GROSS REVENUE	105.84	110.33	83.84	87.34
Profit/(Loss) before interest, Depreciation and Tax (EBITDA)	13.33	15.52	24.94	13.03
Interest	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	9.11	9.11	11.15	11.15
Profit/(Loss) before Tax (PBT)	4.22	6.41	13.79	1.88
Provision for Current tax Provision for deferred tax (Net of due to change in Depreciation as per Companies Act, 2013)	8.17 (2.20)	8.56 (2.20)	6.16 (2.85)	6.16 (2.85)
Income tax pertaining to earlier years	-	0.07	-	0.03
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(1.75)	(0.02)	10.48	(1.46)
Add: Surplus brought forward from last year	-	-	-	-
Profit available for appropriation	(1.75)	(0.02)	10.48	(1.46)
Appropriations: General Reserve Dividend	-	-	-	-
Balance Carried Forward	(1.75)	(0.02)	10.48	(1.46)

OPERATIONS

The Company continues to be engaged in the same line of business during the financial year 2023-24 and has earned income mainly from service charges.

DIVIDEND

Your Directors do not recommend any payment of dividend for the year under review in order to conserve the resources of the Company.

TRANSFER TO RESERVE

Your directors do not propose to transfer any amount to reserves during the year under review.

ANNUAL RETURN

In terms of the provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the annual return of your Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 will be uploaded at the Company's website <u>https://www.alirox.com.</u>

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

As on 31st March 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises of four Directors namely Dr. C. N. Maheshwari, Shri Chandrasekaran Nagaratnam, Shri Laxmi Niwas Goyal and Smt. Leena Rawal.

Term of appointment of Shri L. N. Goyal, who was appointed as Independent Director on the Board of the Company for a second term, ceased on 31st March 2023. In terms of the provisions of Section 149(6) of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder Shri Rahul Kumar (DIN: 03566046) was appointed as an Additional Independent Director of the Company, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for a tenure of five years with effect from 28th June, 2024. In terms of the provisions of Section 149(6) of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder Shri Rahul Kumar meets the criteria for independence and his appointment is being placed before the members for their approval at the ensuing Annual General Meeting for a first term of five years w.e.f. 28th June 2024 and whose period of office shall not be liable to retire by rotation. Shri L.N.Goyal continues as non-executive Director of the Company pursuant to change in his designation. In terms of Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, the independent Directors have given their declaration of independence.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 152(6)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 Dr. C. N. Maheshwari, Director is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. He has given his declaration in Form DIR-8 in terms of Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the effect that he is not disqualified from being re-appointed as a Director of the Company.

The Key Managerial Personnel, namely, Smt. Leena Rawal, Whole Time Director and Chief Executive Officer and Smt. Shweta Chadha, Chief Financial Officer and Ms. Sonal Popli, Company Secretary continue to hold their respective offices during the year under review.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company on Directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of Directors and other matters provided in section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 as approved by the Board of Directors is available on https://www.alirox.com

The Board of Directors has conducted a formal evaluation of its own performance and of its committees and individual directors in accordance with norms laid down in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD & COMMITTEES

During the year, Six Meetings of the Board were convened and held on 24th May, 2023, 21st June, 2023, 11th August, 2023, 14th September, 2023, 10th November, 2023 and 13th February, 2024. The time gap between two consecutive meetings of the Board did not exceed one hundred and twenty days during the financial year 2023-24.

In terms of the provisions of Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 a separate meeting of the Independent Directors was also held during the year without the attendance of non-independent Directors and members of the management.

The composition of Audit Committee meets the requirement of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. As on 31st March, 2024, the Audit Committee comprises of three Non-executive members namely Dr. C. N. Maheshwari, Shri C. Nagaratnam and Shri L.N. Goyal, with Independent Directors forming a majority. The Board has accepted all recommendations made by the Audit Committee.

The composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee meets the requirement of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. As on 31st March, 2024, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of three Non-executive members namely Dr. C. N. Maheshwari, Shri C. Nagaratnam and Shri L.N. Goyal, with more than one-half of the Independent Directors.

VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has in place the whistle Blower policy and the Vigil Mechanism with a view to provide for adequate safeguards against victimization of stakeholders who use such mechanism and provide for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate cases.

The policy can be accessed at the website of the Company at https://www.alirox.com.

DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

The provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, regarding the Corporate Social Responsibility were not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2023-2024.

AUDITORS

Statutory Auditors

In terms of the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 M/s Mathur Gupta & Associates, Chartered Accountants, was appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for a period of five years effective from the conclusion of Annual General Meeting of the Company (AGM) held on 30th September, 2022 till the conclusion of 83rd AGM to be held in the year 2027.

M/s Mathur Gupta & Associates, Chartered Accountants, have consented to the said appointment and confirmed that they are not disqualified from continuing to act as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

Secretarial Auditor

The Board had appointed, Shri N.C. Khanna, Practicing Company Secretary as Secretarial Auditor of the Company, to conduct the Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2023-24, in terms of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 is annexed as **'Annexure I'** of this Report.

COMMENTS ON AUDITORS REPORT

The Reports submitted by the Statutory Auditor and Secretarial Auditor of the Company do not contain any qualification, reservation and adverse remark.

During the year under review, the Auditors have not reported any matter of fraud under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

LISTING OF SECURITIES

The Company's shares continue to remain listed on the Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India (MSEI) and the listing fees for the financial year 2023-24 has been paid to MSEI.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In terms of Regulation 15(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 the Corporate Governance provisions are not applicable to the Company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

The segment/ product wise performance of the Company is not provided as Company has only one segment. The Company is engaged in the business of rendering advisory, consultancy and management services. During the year under review, the Company has earned income from operations mainly from service Charges. The Company has incurred a loss of Rs. 1.75 Lakhs (previous year profit of Rs. 10.48 Lakhs). With respect to future performance of the Company, the Board of Directors remain optimistic. Through its approach it strives to identify opportunities that enhance organizational values while managing or mitigating risks that can adversely impact the Company's future performance.

There has been no material development on the Human Resource / Industrial relations front during the year.

The Company's business, results of operations and financial condition are affected by number of risks such as unfavorable economic development, competitive market conditions, compliance and regulatory pressures including changes to tax laws. The Company has a team of experienced management and employees who possess significant experiences in various fields which will enable to sustain the profits of the Company.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has adequate system of internal control commensurate with size of the Company and nature of its business which are reviewed periodically.

PATICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

The Company has not given any loans, directly or indirectly, to any person or to other body corporates or given any guarantee or provided any security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person in terms of Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013. The details of Investments made by the Company are given in Note No. 4 of the Standalone Financial Statements.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has in place a risk management framework wherein the management identifies and monitors business risks on a continuous basis, and initiates appropriate risk mitigation steps as and when deemed necessary.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO.

As the Company has no activities relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo, the Directors have nothing to report on information falling under subsection (m) of Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

DEMATERIALISATION

The equity shares of the Company are admitted with both the depositories i.e., National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) under the **ISIN No.INE143F01019** to facilitate the trading of shares of the Company in dematerialized form.

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Shareholders seeking information related to their shareholding may contact the Company directly or through the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, details of whom are given below:

M/s. KFin Technologies Limited, Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad, Telangana– 500 032 Tel. No. 040-67162222; Fax: 040-23001153; E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com; Website: www.kfintech.com

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements") Regulations, 2015 the consolidated financial statements of the Company and of its subsidiary/Step Down Subsidiary have been prepared as per applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and form an integral part of this Annual Report.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANY, ASSOCIATE & JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES

As on 31st March, 2024, the Company has one Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company namely, Adhirath Power and Holdings Private Limited (Adhirath) and one step down subsidiary namely, Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited ("Hareon") Wholly Owned subsidiary company of Adhirath.

During the year, Adhirath purchased additional equity shares of Hareon and consequently Hareon has become wholly owned subsidiary of the Adhirath w.e.f. 22nd June, 2023...

A statement containing the salient features of the Financial Statements of the Company's subsidiaries for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 is attached in the prescribed Form AOC-1 and forms part of this report as **Annexure -II.**

Any member desirous of obtaining a copy of the detailed Annual Report of the Subsidiary Companies may write to the registered office/corporate office of the Company or download the same from the Company's website www.alirox.com.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided in the annual report as **Annexure-III.**

In terms of the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, there are no employees drawing remuneration in excess of the limits set out in the said rules.

A statement showing the names and other particulars of the employee in terms of the provisions of Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are provided in **Annexure-IV**.

CONTRACT AND ARRANGEMENT

The related party transactions have been duly given in Note no. 22 of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2024. During the year the Company has not entered into any contract/ arrangements with related parties which could be considered material in terms of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013.

NO APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE

No application has been made under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code; hence the requirement to disclose the details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year is not applicable.

NO DIFFERENCE IN VALUATION

The requirement to disclose the details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of onetime settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof, is not applicable.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

- 1. No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- 2. Pursuant to the sexual harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, no complaints have been reported during the year under review, with the internal complaints committee constituted in terms of the policy on sexual harassment, in line with the policy of its Group.
- 3. Maintenance of Cost Records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under Section 148(1) of Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- 4. The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India during the year.

DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In terms of the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors declare that:

- a) In the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;

- c) The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities;
- d) The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- e) The Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f) The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors also take this opportunity to place on record their sincere thanks and appreciation to the Bankers and various State and Central Government agencies for their co-operation and continued support to the Company.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Place: New Delhi Dated: 28.06.2024 Chandra Narain Maheshwari Director (DIN: 00125680) Leena Rawal Whole Time Director & CEO (DIN: 03575675)

ANNEXURE I

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2024

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

То

The Members ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED CIN- L74899DL1944PLC000759 4 SCINDIA HOUSE, Central Delhi, NEW DELHI, Delhi, India, 110001

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED (hereinafter called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the management, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter,

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;

(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;

(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowings*;

(v) The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') which includes the following:-

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018*
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014*;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008*;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client **Not Applicable as the Company is not registered as Registrar to Issue and Share Transfer Agent during the financial year under review;**
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009*; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018*;

*[There was no reportable event held during the financial year under review];

(VI) Other Laws specifically applicable to the Company:-

There are no laws which specifically apply to the type of activities undertaken by the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).
- (ii) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR Regulations) and

The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with The Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI).

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes (if any) in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review are carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board and Committee Meetings and the agenda & detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board and Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees of the Board, as the case may be. On 30th September 2023, the company increased its authorized capital from INR 10,000,000 (1,000,000 equity shares of INR 10 each) to INR 250,000,000 (25,000,000 equity shares of INR 10 each).

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For N C Khanna Company Secretaries

Place: New Delhi Date: 28.06.2024

> N C Khanna FCS No. 4268 CP No. 5143 UDIN: F004268F000634612

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A to this Report and forms an integral part of this Report.

Annexure A to the Secretarial Audit Report

То

The Members ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED CIN: L74899DL1944PLC000759 4 SCINDIA HOUSE NEW DELHI 110001

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For N C Khanna Company Secretaries

Place: New Delhi Date: 28.06.2024

> N C Khanna FCS No. 4268 CP No. 5143 UDIN: F004268F000634612

ANNEXURE-II Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/Associate Companies/Joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries	

SI. No.	Particulars	Details	Details
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Adhirath Power and Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited (Subsidiary of Adhirath Power and Holdings Pvt. Ltd.)
2.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	12.05.2016	01.07.2022*
3.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	N.A.	N.A.
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	N.A.	N.A.
5.	Share capital	1.00	85.50
6.	Reserves & surplus	(9.31)	1845.14
7.	Total assets	92.00	1931.57
8.	Total Liabilities	100.30	0.93
9.	Investments	85.52	39.34
10.	Turnover	0.00	0.00
11.	Profit before taxation	(0.30)	2.49
12.	Provision for taxation	0.00	0.46
13.	Profit after taxation	(0.30)	2.03
14.	Proposed Dividend	-	-
15.	Extent of shareholding (In percentage)	100%	100% (held by Adhirath Power and Holdings Pvt. Ltd.)*

* Became wholly owned subsidiary of Adhirath Power and Holdings Pvt. Ltd. during the reporting period.

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations-NIL

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year-NIL

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures - NIL

N.A.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

SHWETA CHADHA CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Chandra Narain Maheshwari

DIRECTOR

(DIN: 00125680)

SONAL POPLI COMPANY SECRETARY

LEENA RAWAL WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR & CEO (DIN: 03575675)

Place: New Delhi Dated: 28.06.2024

ANNEXURE – III

DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5 OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

(i) Details of ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 and percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2023-24 are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Director/KMP and Designation	Remuneration of Director/KMP for Financial year 2023-24 (Rs.in lakhs)	Ratioofremuneration of eachDirector/tomedianremunerationofEmployees	% increase in Remuneration in the Financial Year 2023-24
1.	Shri Laxmi Niwas Goyal (Independent Director)	0.38	0.02	31.03
3.	Shri Chandrasekaran Nagaratnam* (Independent Director)	0.38	0.02	533.33
4.	Dr. C. N. Maheshwari (Non-Executive Director)	0.36	0.02	28.57
5.	Smt. Leena Rawal (Whole-time Director and Chief Executive Officer)	30.06	1.55	34.32
6.	Smt. Shweta Chadha (Chief Financial Officer)	19.38	1.00	21.43
7.	Ms. Sonal Popli (Company Secretary)	8.87	0.46	26.35

Notes: Other than sitting fees, no other remuneration is being paid to non-executive and independent directors and sitting fees is within the limits prescribed under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

* % increase in remuneration of Shri Chandrasekaran Nagaratnam is not comparable as he was appointed in previous financial year w.e.f. 06th February 2023.

- (ii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in Financial Year is 21.43%
- (iii) As on 31st March, 2024, there are only three Key Managerial Personnel on the roll of Company. Apart from them there are no other employees.
- (iv) Average percentile increase in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration. During the Financial year 2023-24, the percentage increase in remuneration of Whole Time Director designated as Chief Executive officer was 34.32 % and the percentage increase in remuneration of Chief

designated as Chief Executive officer was 34.32 % and the percentage increase in remuneration of Chief Financial officer and Company Secretary was 21.43% and 26.35%, respectively, based on cost to the company as on 31st March for the current and previous financial year. Other than these there are no employees in the Company.

(v) It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is as per the Nomination & Remuneration Policy of the Company.

ANNEXURE-IV

Statement of particulars of Employees pursuant to Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 for the Financial Year 2023-24

S.no	Name	Age (Years)	Designation	Qualifications	Experience (Years)	Date of commencement of Employment	Last Employment held	Remunerati on received (in Lakhs)	Whether related to a Director
1	Leena Rawal	43	Whole time director designated as CEO	Company Secretary, LL.B	18	01.07.2014	Keshav Power Limited	29.02	No
2	Shweta Chadha	48	Chief Financial Officer	M.COM, C.S.(Inter)	23	26.08.2014	Ankita Pratisthan Limited	18.14	No
3	Sonal Popli	33	Company Secretary	Company Secretary	7	01.11.2019	Shree Nirman Limited	8.34	No

Notes:

1 None of the above employees held 2% or above of the equity share capital of the Company as on March 31, 2024 either himself and/or alongwith his spouse and dependent children.

2 Remuneration, shown above, inter-alia, includes value of perquisites, all other allowances and all retiral benefits (excluding gratuity).



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Alirox Abrasives Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **Alirox Abrasives Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its profits (loss after including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters	How audit addressed the key audit matter				
Fair Valuation of Investments					
The company's investments include the amount invested in mutual fund and various quoted/unquoted shares.	 During audit, following procedures was adopted to ensure the fair valuation of investments: ➤ In case of quoted shares, the value was verified from the quotes of stock exchange; ➤ In case of unquoted shares, the value was verified from their book value.; ➤ Declared NAV of respective fund was considered to verify the fair value of mutual fund investments. 				

Other Information

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit / loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash



flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not



detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us, we give in the "**Annexure A**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the



Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules made thereunder.
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **"Annexure B"** to this report;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its Directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditors reports in accordance with Rule 11 of the companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The company does not have any pending litigations on its financial position.
 - ii. The company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contract for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection fund by the company.
- iv.Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the year ended March 31, 2024, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility



and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, in respect of accounting software for which the audit trail feature was operating.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on the preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 003962N

Place: New Delhi **Date:** 30-05-2024

(Pradeep Dayal Mathur) Partner Membership No. 082990 UDIN: 24082990BKHJDZ9400



<u>"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report</u>

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date to the members of the Alirox Abrasives Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024) we report that:

- i. In respect of the Property, Plant & equipment and Intangible Assets of the company:
 - a.
 - (i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (ii) The Company do not have any Intangible Assets and, accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(a)(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year the management has physically verified all the Fixed Assets and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) With respect to immovable property disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements included in property plant & equipment, according to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed | transfer deed | conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of such immovable property is held in the name of the Company as at the Balance Sheet date.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible Assets or both during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31,2024, for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii)(a) The Company's business does not involve inventories and, accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs.5 crore, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(iii) The Company has made investment in, its Wholly Owned Subsidiary- Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited but has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, during the year, in respect of which:

- (a) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion, the investments made, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) Since the Company has not provided any loans and advances, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans to directors including entities in which they are interested and in respect of loans and advances given, investments made and guarantees and securities given have been complied with by the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- (vi) The company is not required to maintain any cost records as per section 148(1) of the companies Act, 2013. Therefore, in our opinion, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vii)



- a. The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, value added tax, goods and services tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues were outstanding as at 31st March, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix)
 - (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, there are no funds raised on short-term basis that have been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.



(b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable

(xi)

(a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

- (c) There are no whistle-blower complaints received during the year by the Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required under Ind AS-24 Related Party disclosures specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015 (as amended) under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.



(xv) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of Companies Act, 2013.Therefore provisions of 3(xv) are not applicable.

(xvi) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

(d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation provided to us, read with Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as amended from time to time, the Group has four CICs of which two are unregistered CICs. The other two CICs are presently registered as NBFCs and approval for thier recognition as CICs is awaited from RBI.

- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of (xix) realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The company does not satisfy any of the criteria provided in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to spend any amount for CSR activities and hence the requirements of reporting



under clause (xx) (a) and (b) of the order is not applicable.

For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 003962N

(Pradeep Dayal Mathur) Partner Membership No. 082990 UDIN: 24082990BKHJDZ9400

Place: New Delhi Date: 30-05-2024



"ANNEXURE B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Alirox Abrasives Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to



obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control

over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 003962N

Place: New Delhi Date: 30-05-2024 (Pradeep Dayal Mathur) Partner Membership No. 082990 UDIN: 24082990BKHJDZ9400

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

Standalone Balance Sheet as at March	31, 2024		(Amount in Lacs.)
Particulars	Note	As at	As at
	inote	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Non - current assets	_		
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	41.16	42.33
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investment	4	8,385.63	8,146.76
(c) Other Non Current Asset	5	0.26	0.26
Total non current assets	_	8,427.05	8,189.35
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets	6		
(i) Investments	6.1	38.79	35.92
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	6.2	27.86	24.87
(iii) Other Financial Assets	6.3	2.22	2.22
(b) Current Tax Asset	7	10.15	9.16
(c) Other current assets	8	8.00	21.60
Total current assets		87.02	93.76
	_		
Total assets	_	8,514.07	8,283.11
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	9.1	24.00	24.00
(b) Other equity	9.2	8,470.68	8,234.10
Total equity		8,494,68	8,258.10
LIABILITIES			
Non - current liabilities			
(a) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	10	8.70	10.91
Total non current liabilities		8.70	10.91
Current liabilities			
(a) Other current liabilities	11	2.52	7.95
(b) Current Tax Liability	12	8.17	6.16
Total current liabilties		10.69	14.10
Total Equity & Liabilities		8,514.07	8,283.11
Notes to Accounts	1,2 & 21 to 26	0,014.07	0,203,11
As per our report of even date For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants		For and on behalf of th	e Board of Directors
Firm Regn.No. 003962N	Shweta Cha	dha	Sonal Popli
	Chief Financi	ial Officer	Company Secretary M.No.A44167
Prodoon Doval Mathur			Leena Rawal
Pradeep Dayal Mathur Partner	C N Mahash		Whole Time Director &

Leena Rawal Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 03575675

C.N Maheshwari Director DIN: 00125680

Partner M.No. 082990

Date: 30.05.2024

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ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

	dalone Statement of Profit & Loss for the year end	Note No.	For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars		March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
T	Revenue from operations	13	45.60	45.60
II	Other income	14	60.24	38.24
11	Total income (I + II)		105.84	83.84
IV	Expenses			
	Employee benefits expense	15	59.04	45.20
	Depreciation and amortization expense	16	9.11	11.15
	Other expenses	17	33.47	13.71
	Total expenses		101.62	70.06
v	Profit / (loss)for the year before tax (III-IV)		4.22	13.79
VI	Tax expense	18		
	(1) Current tax		8.17	6.16
	(2) Deferred tax		(2.20)	(2.85
	(3) Income tax pertaining to earlier years		-	-
			5.97	3.31
VII	Net Profit/(Loss) for the year after tax (V - VI)		(1.75)	10.48
	Other comprehensive income		(1.73)	10.40
	A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or			
	loss	19		
	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on		330.07	3 144 06
	Investment		238.97	2,144.06
	Income tax relating to items that will		-	-
	not be reclassfied to profit or loss			
	B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Re-measurement gains/(losses) on		-	-
	investment			
	Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
			238.97	2,144.06
IX	Total comprehensive income for the period (VI +	VIII)	237.22	2,154.54
Х	Earnings per equity share Nominal value of equity shares (Rs 10.00 each)	20		
	(1) Basic		(0.73)	4,37
	(2) Diluted		(0.73)	4.37
lata	es to Accounts	1.2 & 21 to 20		4.57
voie		1,2 & 21 (0 2)	2	
	As per our report of even date	For a	nd on behalf of the Board of Dir	ectors
	For Mathur Gupta & Associates			
	Chartered Accountants			
	Firm Regn.No. 003962N Shweta Chadha		Sonal F	•
		Chief Financial Officer		ny Secretary \44167
	Pradeep Dayal Mathur		Leenal	
	Partner	C.N.Maheshwari		Time Director &
	M.No. 082990	Director		xecutive Officer
	Date: 30.05.2024	DIN: 00125680	DIM- 02	575675

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

Destinution	9××× ××	(Amount in Lacs
Particulars	2023-24	2022-2
Cook Flow from Opprating Activities		
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities	4.22	40.70
Net Profit before tax	4.22	13.79
Adjustments		
Depreciation / Amortization	9.11	11.1
Net Gain on Value of Mutual Fund	(2.88)	(1.70
Amount Written Back	(0.34)	-
Amount Written Off		0.4
Dividend Income	(56.01)	(36.1
Interest Income	(0.12)	(0.3
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Investments	(0.90)	-
(Profit)/Loss on sale of PPE		
Operating Profit before working Capital Changes	(45.92)	(12.8
Adjustments for working Capital changes :	(10.52)	1
Inventories		
		ت. د ا
Trade and Other Payables	(3.42)	4.2
Trade and Olher Receivables	3.49	(0.8
Cash Generated from Operations	(46.85)	(9.4
Net Direct Taxes Paid/Refund	0.66	(3.7
Net Cash from Operating activities	(46.19)	(13.2
3 Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
Purchase of Fixed Asset	(7.95)	-
Purchase of Investments		_
Sale of investments	1.00	
Interest Received	0.12	0.3
Dividend Received	56.01	36.1
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	49.18	36.4
Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Proceeds/(Repayment) of Short term Borrowings		-
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		-
Not increase in each and each equivalents (A+O-	+C) 2.99	23.2
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B-		
Cash and cash equivalents (Opening Balance)	24.87	1.6
Cash and cash equivalents (Closing Balance)*	27.86	24.8
Change in Cash & Cash Equivalents	2.99	23.2
Components of Cash & Cash Equivalents	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 202
Balances with banks		
- in Current Accounts	27.72	24.6
- Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 month		-
Cash on hand	0.14	0.2
Cheques in hand	0.14	0.2
Net Cash & Cash Equivalents	27.86	24.8
Note:		
Cash & cash equivalents components are as per No	ite 9.2	
Notes to Accounts	1,2 & 21 to 26	
er our report of even date	For and on behalf of the Bo	and of Diroctory
	For and on behall of the bu	and of Directors
Mathur Gupta & Associates		
intered Accountants	at a al li	
n Regn.No. 003962N		onal Popli
	Chief Financial Officer Co	ompany Secretary
	M	1.No.A44167
deep Dayal Mathur	Le	eena Rawal
deep Dayal Mathur tner		eena Rawal /hole Time Director &
	C.N Maheshwari W	

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year March 31, 2024

(Amount in Lacs.)

A Equity Share Capital

Balance of Equity Share Capital	As at 31 March 2022	Changes during the year	As at 31 March 2023	Changes during the year	As at 31 Mar 2024
	24.00	-	24.00	-	24.00

B. Other equity

					Items of Other Comprehensive Income		Total
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Reserve Fund	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	Revaluation Surplus	
As at 31.03.2022	2.47	0.33	2.00	57.80	5,805.04	210.86	6,078.49
Movement During FY 22-23							
Profit of the year		- 1		10,48		-	10.48
Other comprehensive income		- 1	-	-	2.144.06		2,144.06
Dividend and CDT Payment		-			-	- 1	
Employees Stock Options Expense	· ·	-			-		
As at 31.03.2023	2.47	0.33	2.00	68.28	7,949.10	210.86	8,233.03
Movement During FY 23-24							
Profit of the year				(1,75)	-		(1.75)
Other comprehensive income		- 1		38	238.97	-	238.97
Dividend and CDT Payment		- 1		× .	-	-	-
Employees Stock Options Expense		-			-	-	-
As at 31.03.2024	2.47	0.33	2.00	66.54	8,188.07	210.86	8,470.69

As per our report of even date For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No. 003962N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shweta Chadha Chief Financial Officer

Pradeep Dayal Mathur Partner M.No. 082990

M.No. 082990 Date: 30.05.2024 C.N Maheshwari Director DIN: 00125680 Sonal Popli Company Secretary M.No.A44167

Leena Rawal Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 03575675

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

Note 1 Corporate Information

The Alirox Abrasives Limited is a public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provision of the erstwhile Indian Companies Act, 1913.

Note 2 Significant accounting policies and critical accounting estimate and judgments:

Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The policies set out below have been consistently applied during the years presented.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value/amortised cost:

Functional and Preparation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in 'Indian Rupees', which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Current vis-à-vis non-current classification

"The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by MCA." "An asset is classified as current when it is:

a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,

b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current."

"A liability is classified as current when it is:

a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,

b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

c) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current."

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

(b)Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

• Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

• Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

• Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable."

(c)Critical accounting estimates and Judgments

The presentation of financial statements under Ind AS requires management to take decisions and make estimates and assumptions that may impact the value of revenues, costs, assets and liabilities and the related disclosures concerning the items involved as well as contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Significant Accounting policies

a) Property, plant and equipment

All items of Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to adopt the fair value of all of its property, plant and equipment as at April 01, 2016 as deemed cost. The useful life and residual value of plant, property equipment and intangible assets are determined based on technical evaluation made by the management of the expected usage of the asset, the physical wear and tear and technical or commercial obsolescence of the asset. Due to the judgments involved in such estimations, the useful life and residual value are sensitive to the actual usage in future period.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) is provided over the useful life of assets as specified in schedule II to the Companies Act 2013. Property, Plant and Equipment which are added / disposed off during the year, deprecation is provided pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition / deletion. PPE is depreciated on Written Down Value method. Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

b) Employee Benefit Expenses

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market price in activate markets, their fair value is measures using valuation technique. The input to these models is taken from the observable market where possible, but this is not feasible, a review of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Changes in assumption relating to this assumption could affect the fair value of financial instrument.

d) Impairment of Financial and Non-Financial Asset

"The impairment provision for financial assets is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected losses. The company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a Non-financial asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount which is higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount."

e) Revenue recognition and other income:

Service Charges

Revenue from management services are recognized as and when services are rendered.

Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend Income:

Dividend Income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

f) Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Minimum alternate tax

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) is applicable to the Company. Credit of MAT is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognised as an asset, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as MAT credit entitlement. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose at reporting date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow deferred tax assets to be recovered.

The company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

g) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settled the obligation in respect of which reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the expense relating to provision presented in the statement of profit & loss is net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are disclosed using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed in the notes in case of:

- There is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.
- A present obligation arising from past event, when it is not probable that as outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.
- A present obligation arises from the past event, when no reliable estimate is possible.
- A present obligation arises from the past event, unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Contingent assets

A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

h) Cash& Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and balance at bank, deposits held with banks. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdraft as they being considered as integral part of the Company's cash management.

Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

i) Segment Reporting

The Company has no segment reporting during the year-

Non-Current Assets:

3. Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in Lacs.)

Particulars	Buildings	Computers	Total Assets
Gross block			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	214.90	1.85	216.75
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustment	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	214.90	1.85	216.75
Additions	7.14	0.82	7.95
Disposals/Adjustment		-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	222.04	2.67	224.70
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	161.64	1.64	163.27
Depreciation for the year	11.02	0.13	11.15
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	172.66	1.77	174.42
Depreciation for the year	9.07	0.04	9.11
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	181.73	1.81	183,53
Net block As at 31 March 2023	42.24	0.09	42.33
		0.08	
As at 31 March 2024	40.31	0.85	41.16

Note:- No acquisiton under business combination and revalutaion was made during the financials year.

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED Notes to Standalone financial statements as on March 31, 2024

Non- Current Assets: Financial Assets

4 Investments

a)

	No. of Shares	As at 31st March, 2024	No. of Shares	As at 31st March, 2023
Non Current Investments:				
Investments in Equity Instruments (fully paid up) - Quoted:(At FVTOCI)	5.240	CT 72	E 240	52.61
Carborundum Universal Limited	5,340	67.73	5,340	
Dalmia Bharat Limited	240,720	4,675.14	240,720	4,741.10
Dalmia Bharat Sugar & Industries Limited	120,360	409.40	120,360	404.35
Dalmia Bharat Refractories Limited*	1,898,397	3,132.36	1,898,397	2,847.60
Investments in Equity Instruments (fully paid up) - Unquoted:		-		-
Eduwizards Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	10,000	-	10,000	0.10
Adhirath Power & Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00
Sarvapriya Healthcare Solutions Pvt.ttd.	23	0.00	23	0.00
Investments in Optionally Convertible Debentures - Unquoted:				

100.00

8,385.63

8,385.63

Total Aggregate amount of Non-Current Investments Particulars

Aggregate amount of quoted investments Market value of quoted investments

Adhirath Power & Holdings Pvt. Ltd.

 Market value of quoted investments
 8,385.63

 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments
 101.00

 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments
 101.00

*Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation of Dalmia Refractories Limited (DRL) with Dalmia Bharat Refractories Limited (DBRL) as approved by the NCLT Chennai vide its Order dated 3rd February 2022, made effective from 1st March 2022, 18,98,397 number of equity shares have been credited to the Company post closure of financial year in the ratio of 768 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each of DBRL for every 100 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each held in DRL

5	Other Non Current Asset Security Deposit Current financial assets	0.26	0.26
6.1	Current Investments		
	Mutual Funds (At FVTPE)		
	HDFC Short Term Debt Fund	38.79	35.92
		38.79	35.92
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	38.79	35.92
	Fair value of quoted investments	38.79	35.92
6.2	Cash & Cash Equivalent Balances with banks - in Current Accounts Cash on hand Cheques in hand Fixed deposits	27.72 0.14 - - 27.86	24.67 0.20 - - 24.87
6.3	Other Financial Assets		
	Notional Interest Accrued on OCDs	2.22	2.22

(Amount in Lacs.)

100.00

8,146.76

8,045.66

8,045.66 101.10

		As at 31st	As at 31st March,
		March, 2024	2023
7	Current Tax Asset		
	- TDS Receivable/Advance Tax	10.15	9.16
		10.15	9.16
8	Other Current Assets:		
	Balance with statutory authorities	-	
	Prepaid Expenses	-	-
	Other Receivable	8.00	21.60
		8.00	21.60
9	Equity		
9.1	Share Capital		
	Authorised		
	25,000,000' Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	2,500.00	100.00
	Total	2,500.00	100.00
	Issued, Subscribed & fully paid up		
	240000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each	24.00	24.00
	Total	24.00	24.00
755	Reconciliation of number and amount of equity shares outstanding;		
(i)	neconclusion of number and amount of equity shares outstanding:		

	As at Marc	h 31,2024	As at Ma	rch 31,2023
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	2.40	24.00	2,40	24.00
Movement for the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of year	2.40	24.00	2.40	24.00

Rights, restrictions and preferences attached to each class of shares

The Company has only oneclass of equity shares having par value of Rs 10/- per share Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the assets of the company. The distribution will be in proportion the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(ii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

As at Marc	h 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Number	% Holding	Number	% Holding
15,050	6.27	15,050	6.27
11,900	4.96	11,900	4.96
58,570	24.40	82,270	34.28
21,550	8.98	-	-
22,800	9.50	22,800	9.50
	Number 15,050 11,900 58,570 21,550	15,050 6.27 11,900 4.96 58,570 24.40 21,550 8.98	Number % Holding Number 15,050 6.27 15,050 11,900 4.96 11,900 58,570 24.40 82,270 21,550 8.98 -

* Pursuant to the order dated April 12, 2018, the National Company Law Tribunal approved a scheme of amalgamation and arrangement which provided for (a) merger of Ankita Pratisthan Limited (Ankita), Mayuka Investment Limited (Mayuka), Puneet Trading and Investment Company Private Limited, Zipahead.Com Private Limited, Mahanadi Trading Private Limited and Shreevallabh Textile Private Limited with Rama Investment Company Private Limited; and (b) demerger of cement business of Keshav Power Limited (Keshav) and Shree Nirman Limited (SNL) into Rama Investment Company Private Limited (Rama) ("the Scheme"). However, the aforesaid Scheme was set aside by the National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT") by its order dated November 29, 2019 ("NCLAT Order") and the application for modification of the said order was also rejected vide order dated September 17, 2021. Further, an appeal was filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court on 23rd December 2021 against the NCLAT Orders to the extent NCLAT has set aside the Scheme with respect to amalgamation of Private Companies involved in the scheme. Hon'ble Supreme Court vide order dated 07th September, 2022 has disposed off the matter by setting aside the order of NCLAT dated 29th November, 2019 and confirmed the Scheme as approved by the NCLT in respect of four Private Companies with Rama. The shares belonging to Ankita and Mayuka were transferred back by Rama pursuant to reversal of merger, during the year.

(iii) Shares held by promoters/promoter group at the end of the year

		As at Mar	ch 31,2024	As at March	n 31,2023	
5.No.	Promoter Name	No of Shares	% of total Shares	No of Shares	% of total Shares	% Change during the year
1	Shri Gautam Dalmia	325	0.001	4600	1.92	(1.92
2	Shri Yadu Hari Dalmia	325	0.001	325	0.001	-
3	Smt. Kavita Dalmia	11,150	4.65	Û	0	4.65
4	Smt. Bela Dalmia	325	0.001	325	0.001	
5	Smt.Anupama Dalmia	325	0.001	7200	3	(3.00
6	Rama Investment Co Pvt Ltd	58,570	24.4	82270	34.28	(9.88
7	Sita Investment Co Ltd	22,800	9.5	22800	9.5	-
8	Shree Nirman Limited	11,950	4.98	11950	4.98	-
9	Kavita Dalmia Parivar Trust through its trustee	11,900	4.96	11900	4.96	-
10	Shri Brahma Creation Trust through its trustees	800	0.33	800	0.33	-
11	Ankita Pratisthan Limited	2,150	0.9	0	0	0.90
12	Mayuka Investment Limited	21,550	8.98	0	0	8.98
13	J.H. Dalmia Trust through its trustees	15,050	6.27	15050	6.27	-

As per records of the company, including register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

9.2 Other Equity

	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
a. Capital Reserves		
Opening Balance	2.47	2.47
Transferred to Retained earnings		-
Closing Balance	2.47	2.47
b. Reserve Fund		
Opening Balance	0.33	0.33
Closing Balance	0.33	0.33
c. General Reserve		
Opening Balance	2.00	2.00
(+) Transfer from Debenture Redemption Reserve		
Closing Balance	2.00	2.00
	As at 31st	As at 31st March,
	March, 2024	2023
d. Surplus/Retained Earnings		
Opening balance	68.28	57.80
Add : Transfer From Capital Reserve		
(+) Net Profit/(Net Loss) For the current year	(1.75)	10.48
Remeasurement effect	-	-
Closing Balance	66.54	68.28
e. Comprehensive Income		
Income recognised on Equity instruments	8,159.96	6,015.90
Addition During The year	238.97	2,144.06
Total Income recognised on Equity instruments	8,398.93	8,159.96
Acturial Gain & Losses on DBO		
Closing Balance	8,398.93	8,159.96
Grand Total	8,470.68	8,233.03

Nature and Purpose Of Reserves

a. Capital reserve represents funds to be utilised for specific purposes

b. General Reserve is free reserve created by the Company by transfer from retained earnings.

c. Reserve Fund is free reserve created by the Company

d. Equity instruments through other comprehensive income - The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of investment in equity instruments in other comprehensive income. The changes are accumulated with in Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income equity instruments reserve with in equity. The Company will transfer the amount from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

Non - current liabilities

10 Deferred Tax Liability	As at 31st March, 2024	_	As at 31st March, 2023
On account of Property, Plant & Equipment	8.70		10.91
	8.70	-	10.91
Movement in deferred tax items	Opening Balance	Recognised in Profit & Loss Account	Closing Balance
FY 23-24			
Deferred tax liability / (asset) on account of			
Difference in Book value of Tangible and Intangible assets	10.91	(2.20)	8.70
	10.91	(2.20)	8.70
FY 22-23	Opening Balance	Recognised in Cl Profit & Loss Account	losing Balance
Deferred tax liability / (asset) on account of	A.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Difference in Book value of Tangible and Intangible assets	13.75	(2.85)	10.91
Net Deferred tax liability / (asset)	13.75	(2.85)	10.91
Current liabilities			
11 Other current liabilities			
Statutory Liabilities	-		3.69
Other Payables	2.52		4.27
	2.52	-	7.95
12 Current Tax Liability			
Provision for Income Tax	8.17		6.15
	8.17	_	6.16

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

Notes to Standalone financial statements as on March 31, 2024

		For the year ended	(Amount in Lacs	
Note No	Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202	
	enue from operations			
Sen	vice Charges Received	45.60	45.60	
		45.60	45.60	
14 Othe	er income			
	Amount Written Back	0.34	-	
	Dividend income	56.01	36.12	
	Net gain/loss on value of Mutual Funds	2.88	1.76	
	Interest on IT Refund	0.12	0.35	
	Profit on Redemption on MF units/Sale of Investment	0.90	0.01	
		60.24	38.24	
15 Emp	loyee benefits expense			
	Salaries, wages, Allowances & Commission	57.60	45.01	
	Staff welfare expenses	1.44	0.19	
		59.04	45.20	
_	Depreciation of tangible assets	9.11 9.11	11.15	
17 Othe	er expenses			
i)	Printing & Stationery	0.18	0.21	
ii)	Electricity and Water Charges	4.42	4.76	
iii)	Advertisement & Publicity	0.45	0.47	
iv)	Insurance	-	0.35	
v)	Rates and taxes	0.76	0.76	
vi)	Payment to the auditors			
	- as auditor	0.65	1.45	
	- for other services	-	-	
vii)	Professional Charges	0.88	0.15	
viii)	Listing & Processing Fees	0.55	0.53	
ix)	Directors sitting fees	1.12	0.70	
x)	General Maintainence	0.91	1.67	
xi)	Service Charges	0.60	0.60	
xii)	Depository Charges	0.29	0.18	
xiii)	Filing Fees	21.66	0.32	
xiv)	Miscellaneous expenses	0.62	1.00	
xv)	Prior Period Expenses	0.38	-	
xvi)	Amount Written Off		0.44	
		33.47	13.71	

18 Tax expense

Current tax Deferred tax	8.17	6.16
- Deferred tax (Asset)/Liability	(2.20)	(2.85)
Income Tax pertaining to earlier years	-	-
	5.97	3.31
19 Other Comprehensive Income		
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Re-measurement gains/(losses) on Investment	238.97	2,144.06
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		
- Fair valuation of equity instruments at FVTOCI	•	-
Total Other Comprehensive Income	238.97	2,144.06
20 Earning per Share		
Profit after tax	(1.75)	10.48
Number of equity shares outstanding during the period (weighted		2.40
average)	2.40	2.40
Nominal value of equity shares (Rs 10.00 each)	10.00	10.00
Earning per share (Rs.) Basic	(0.73)	4.37
Earning per share (Rs. Diluted	(0.73)	4.37

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

Note 21 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instruments of another entity.

(a) Investment and other Financial Assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

• Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through Other Comprehensive Income or through profit or loss) and

• Those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in the statement of profit and loss or Other Comprehensive Income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments in subsidiaries, the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at cost.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. The Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, and there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109, 'Financial Instruments', which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

• The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

• Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised. Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Contributed equity:

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax from the proceeds.

(b) Financial Liabilities & Equity

Classification as debt or equity

Equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and financial guarantee contracts.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Those payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less otherwise they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Offsetting of financial instrument

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all potential dilutive equity shares.

Note-22 Related Party Disclosures

- A) Relationships
- (i) Subsidiary Company :- Adhirath Power and Holdings Pvt. Ltd.

Step Down Subsidiary Company: - Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited

- (ii) Key Managerial Personnel
 - Smt. Leena Rawal Smt. Shweta Chadha Ms. Sonal Popli

Whole Time Director/ Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

(iii) Promoters of the Company:Shri Yadu Hari Dalmia and Shri Gautam Dalmia

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

(iv) Enterprises having Promoters in common with the Company (including its subsidiaries) with which transaction has taken place during the year:

Dalmia Bharat Limited, Dalmia Bharat Refractories Limited, Dalmia Bharat Sugar and Industries Limited, Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Limited

Nature of Transaction	Key Management Personnel/Promoters			ses having Promoters	Total		
	For the year ended31st March, 2024	For the year ended31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31 st March, 2024	For the year ended 31 st March, 2023	For the year ended 31 st March,2024	For the year ended 31 st March,2023	
Service Charges Paid:- (Including GST) Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Ltd.	_	_	0.71	0.71	0.71	0.71	
Service Charges Received:- (Including GST) Dalmia BharatRefractories Ltd. Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Ltd.	-	-	47.20	47.20	47.20	47.20	
Salary and Perquisities: Smt. Leena Rawal Smt. Shweta Chadha	29.02 18.14	22.11 14.60	-	-	29.02	22.11	
Smt.Sonal Popli	8.34	7.22			8.34	7.22	
Loan & Advances :							
Smt Leena Rawal	5.00	-	-	-	5.00		
Smt. Sonal Popli	5.00	-			5.00		
Dividend Received Dalmia Bharat Refractories Ltd. Dalmia Bharat Ltd. Dalmia Bharat Sugar and Industries Ltd.	-	-	28.48 21.66 5.72	9.49 12.03 4.81	28.48 21.66 5.72	9.49 12.03 4.81	
Reimbursement of Expenses Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Ltd.	-	-	-	0.37	_	0.37	
Directors Sitting Fees							
ShriC.Nagaratnam	0.38	0.06	-	-	0.38	0.06	
ShriL.N.Goyal	0.38	0.29	•	-	0.38	0.29	
ShriM.L.Dujari	-	0.14	-	-	-	0.14	
Shri C N Maheshwari	0.36	0.28	-	-	0.36	0.28	

(B) The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business:

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024 (C). Balance Outstanding at year end:

	Key Management Personnel/Promoters			es having Promoters	Total		
Nature of Transaction	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023	
Net Amount Receivable/ Payable							
Receivable-Leena Rawal	3.60	0.47	-	-	3.60	0.47	
Payable-Shweta Chadha	0.50	1.79	-	-	0.50	1.79	
Receivable-Sonal Popli	3.80	•	-	-	3.80	-	

Note -23Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

No adjusting or significant non adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and date of authorization of financial statements.

Note -24Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Financial Risk Factors

The Company's operational activities expose to financial risks of liquidity. The Company realizes that risks are inherent and integral aspect of any business. The primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks and devise appropriate risk management framework for the Company. The senior management provides assurance that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

A. Liquidity Risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash credit facilities, short term loans and buyers credit. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contracted undiscounted payments (excluding transaction cost on borrowings).

Table hereunder provides the current ratio of the Company as at the yearend:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
Total current Assets	87.01	93.76
Total Current Liabilities	10.69	14.11
Current Ratio	8.14	6.65

Financial Instrument – Disclosure

This section explains the judgments and estimates mad85e in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard.

Alirox Abrasives Limited Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

S.No.	Particulars	Note	Fair Value Hierar chy	As at 31 st N	1arch,2024	As at 31 st N	1arch,2023
1	Financial Assets designated at fair value through Profit & Loss			Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	<u>Current</u> -Investment	A	Level- 1	38.79	38.79	35.92	35.92
2	Financial Assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive incomeNon -Current -Investment in Equity Shares	в	Level- 1	8385.64	8385.64	8045.66	8045.66
3	Financial Assets designated at amortised cost Current -Cash & Cash Equivalents* -Loan* -Other Financial Assets*	с		27.86 - -	27.86 - -	24.84 - -	24.8 4 - -
4	Investment in Subsidiary			101.00	101.00	101.00	101.00

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

A. Company has opted to fair value its mutual fund investment through profit & loss

B. Company has opted to fair value its quoted investments in equity share through OCI

C. As per Para D-15 of Appendix D of Ind AS 101, the first time adopter may choose to measure its investment in subsidiaries, JVs and Associates at cost or at fair value. Company has opted to value its investments in subsidiaries at cost.

* The carrying amounts are considered to be the same as their fair values due to short term nature.

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level **1** that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Alirox Abrasives Limited Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024 Note -25 Disclosure of Ratios

Ratio			Denominator	nominator FY 2023-24			Reason for Variance>25%
Current ratio			Current Liabilities	8.14	6.65	22.52	
Debt-equity ratio	Times	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	-	•	-	
Debt service coverage ratio	Times	Net Profit before taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other armortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.	Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	-	-	-	
Return on equity ratio	%	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	(0.0002)	0.0015	-114.28	Due to increase in expenses
Inventory turnover ratio	Times	Revenue from operations	Average Inventory	-	-	-	
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Times	Net Credit Sales	Average Accounts Receivable	-	-	-	
Trade payables turnover ratio	Times	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	-	-	-	
Net capital turnover ratio	Times	Revenue from operations	Average Working Capital	0.58	0.65	-10.59	
Net profit ratio	%	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	(0.04)	0.23	-116.66	Due to increase in expenses during the year
Return on capital employed	%	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	0.0005	0.0017	-70.23	Due to decrease in profits during the year
Return on investment	%	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in investments	0.0074	0.0056	0.31	Due to increase in investment income

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024 Note 26 Additional Disclosure

a) The Company do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not in the name of the company.

b) Since, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment, the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017, is not required.

c) The company has not made any Advances during the year under review in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013,) either severally or jointly with any other person.

d) The company has no Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) for disclosing its ageing.

e) The company has no Intangible assets under development for disclosing its ageing.

f) No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder as at the end of the financial year.

g) The Company has not made any borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

h) The company was not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender during the financial year.

i) During the financial year ended 31 Mar 2024 and 31 Mar 2023 the Company does not have any relationship with Struck off Companies and the corresponding balances are Nil as at 31 Mar 2024 and 31 Mar 2023.

j) No charges or satisfaction exists for Company which are required to be registered with Registrar within statutory period during the financial year.

k) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 during the financial year.

I) The company has not applied for any Scheme of Arrangements to the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under review.

m) The company has not received/advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) through Intermediaries during the financial year.

n) The Company does not have any transaction that was not recorded in the books of accounts and has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

o) The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, regarding the Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2023-24.

p) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

q) The company has not taken any borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose at the balance sheet date.

Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No. 003962N

Shweta Chadha Chief Financial Officer Sonal Popli Company Secretary M.No.A44167

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pradeep Dayal Mathur Partner M.No. 082990 Date: 30.05.2024

C.N.Maheshwari Director DIN: 00125680 Leena Rawal Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 03575675



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Alirox Abrasives Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Alirox Abrasives Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary "Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited" and step down subsidiary Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited (the Parent and its Wholly owned subsidiary and step down subsidiary herein referred as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (here in after referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2024, of its consolidated profit (loss after including consolidated other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of Matter

As explained in note 2, the Company's subsidiary Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited had invested in Joint Venture Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited through associate Keshav Power Limited ("associate"). Dispute arose with JV partner and the JV agreement was terminated with effect from 30th June, 2022. Hareon became the subsidiary of Adhirath Power & Holdings Pvt. Ltd. (wholly –owned subsidiary of the Company) w.e.f. 01.07.2022 and accordingly, Hareon became step down subsidiary of the company.

No provision for diminution in the value of investment in Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited has been made by the company, since in the opinion of the management, the realisable amount of investment is more than the carrying amount of investment.

Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters	How audit addressed the key audit matter				
Fair Valuation of Investments					
The Group's investments include the amount invested in mutual fund and various quoted/unquoted shares.	 During audit, following procedures was adopted to ensure the fair valuation of investments: ➤ In case of quoted shares, the value was verified from the quotes of stock exchange; ➤ In case of unquoted shares, the value was verified from their book value.; ➤ Declared NAV of respective fund was considered to verify the fair value of mutual fund investments. 				

Other Information

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.



Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial

statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other Matter

- a) We did not audit the Financial statements of a wholly owned subsidiary named Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited and step down subsidiary named Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited whose financial statements reflect total assets of INR 2023.57 lacs as at 31st March, 2024, total revenue of INR 4.49 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2024 and total comprehensive income of INR 1.73 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2024 and net cash outflow of INR 2.07 lacs for the year ended March 31, 2024 as considered in the statement. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of wholly owned subsidiary is based solely on the audited financial statements. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on audited financial statements made available to us by the management.
- b) Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited became the subsidiary of Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) w.e.f. 01.07.2022, and accordingly the results of "Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited", have been consolidated with the company (being ultimate holding company. Upto 30th June 2022 Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited" was Joint Venture of "Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited" but its results were not consolidated by "Adhirath Power & Holdings Private Limited" in their results because of dispute and therefore were not included in the consolidated results of earlier periods.

Our opinion on the consolidated unaudited financial results, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of wholly owned subsidiary is based solely on the information furnished to us by the management.



Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each entity and for preventing and detecting

frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal

financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view

and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each entity.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable



assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group (Holding company and subsidiary) to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules made thereunder.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary which are incorporated in India, as on 31 March 2024 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of respective companies, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure A**.



(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditors reports in accordance with Rule 11 of the companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules 2014 , in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us :

i. The Group does not have any pending litigations on its financial position.

- ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contract for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection fund by the company.
- iv. Based on our examination which included test checks, and based on the other auditor's reports of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose Financial Statements have been audited under the Act, the Parent and its subsidiary companies have used accounting software for maintaining their respective books of account for the year ended March 31, 2024, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, in respect of accounting software for which the audit trail feature was operating.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on the preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act:



In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 003962N

(Pradeep Dayal Mathur) Partner Membership No. 082990 UDIN: 24082990BKHJEA6541

Place: New Delhi **Date:** 30-05-2024



"ANNEXURE A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Alirox Abrasives Limited ("the Holding Company") as of March 31, 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary, which are incorporated in India as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary which are incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding company and its subsidiary, which are incorporated in India, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective entity's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with



reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial control system with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; Consolidated Financial Statements and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not



be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary which are incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

> For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN: 003962N

Place: New Delhi **Date:** 30-05-2024

(Pradeep Dayal Mathur) Partner Membership No. 082990 UDIN: 24082990BKHJEA6541

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31,	2024		(Amount in Lacs.)
Particulars	Note	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Non - current assets		40.40	45.00
 (a) Property, plant and equipment (b) Figure state 	3	41.16	42.33
(b) Financial Assets	4	9 222 00	0.005.4.0
(i) Investment (c) Other Non Current Asset	4 5	8,323.98	8,085.10
Total non current assets	5	8,365.84	0.69 8,128.12
rotar non content assets		0,303.04	8,128.12
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets	6		
(i) Investments	6.1	38.79	35.92
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	6.2	47.74	42.69
(iii) Other Financial Assets	7	2.22	2.22
(b) Current Tax Asset	8	10.15	9.16
(c) Other current assets	9	1,885.86	1,899.19
Total current assets	-	1,984.76	1,989.18
		-,++	
Total assets		10,350.60	10,117.29
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	10.1	24.00	24.00
(b) Other equity	10.2	10,306.49	10,068.02
(c) Non Controlling Interest		-	0.18
Total equity		10,330.49	10,092.20
LIABILITIES			
Non - current liabilities			
(a) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	11	8.19	10.38
Total non current liabilities		8.19	10.38
Current liabilities	12		
(a) Financial Liabilities			
i Trade Payable			
(A) Total Outstanding dues to micro			
enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(B) Total Outstanding dues to creditors			
other than micro enterprises and			
small enterprises		-	0.30
(b) Other current liabilities	13	3.36	8.25
(c) Current Tax Liability	14	8.56	6.16
Total current liabilties		11.92	14.71
Total Equity & Liabilities		10,350.60	10,117.29
Notes to Accounts	1 to 28	was a start of the cal	
As per our report of even date		For and on behalf of th	e Board of Directors
For Mathur Gupta & Associates			
Chartered Accountants	Character Class	lla a	C (D)*
Firm Regn.No. 003962N	Shweta Chao		Sonal Popli
	Chief Financi		Company Secretary
			M.No.A44167
Bradoon Dourd Mathur-			Leena Rawal
Pradeep Dayal Mathur Partner	C N Maheshv	vari	Whole Time Director &
M.No. 082990	Director	9(3) I	
Date: 30.05.2024	Director DIN: 0012568	20	Chief Executive Officer
	DUA: 0012306	iv .	DIN: 03575675

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

	DX ABRASIVES LIMITED			
Cons	olidated Statement of Profit & Loss for the year e		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ount in Lacs.)
	Particulars	Note No.		e year ended
			March 31, 2024 N	larch 31, 2023
I	Revenue from operations	15	45.60	45.60
11	Other income	16	64.73	41.74
	Total income (I + II)		110.33	87.34
IV	Expenses			
	Finance Cost	17	-	-
	Employee benefits expense	18	59.05	45.20
	Depreciation and amortization expense	19	9.11	11.15
	Other expenses	20	35.76	29.12
	Total expenses		103.92	85.47
v	Profit / (loss)for the year before tax (III-IV)		6.41	1.88
V1	Tax expense	21		
	(1) Current tax		8.56	6.16
	(2) Deferred tax		(2.20)	(2.85)
	(3) Income tax pertaining to earlier years		0.07	0.03
	(e) moone any enaning to earned facto	1	6.43	3.34
		2		
	Net Profit/(Loss) for the year after tax (V - VI)		(0.02)	(1.46)
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	A Items that will not be reclassified to profit or			
	loss	22		
	Re-measurement gains/(losses) or	1		
	Investment		238.97	2,144.06
	Income tax relating to items that wil		-	-
	not be reclassfied to profit or loss			
	B Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Re-measurement gains/(losses) or investment	1		-
	income tax relating to items that wil be reclassified to profit or loss	Ι		
			238.97	2,144.06
137	Treater and the state in the state of the state of the state			
IX	Total comprehensive income for the period (VI +)	VIII)	238.95	2,142.60
х	Earnings per equity share	23		
~	Nominal value of equity shares (Rs 10.00 each)	40		
	(1) Basic		(0.01)	(0.06)
	(2) Diluted		(0.01)	(0.06)
			(0.01)	(0.00)
Note	s to Accounts	1 to 28		
	As per our report of even date	For an	d on behalf of the Board of Directors	
	For Mathur Gupta & Associates	TOT dire	d on schall of the board of birectors	
	Chartered Accountants			
	Firm Regn.No. 003962N	Shweta Chadha	Sonal Popli	
	Film Regn. NO. 00390210	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary M.No.A44167	
	Prodoon Daval Mothur		Loose Devel	
	Pradeep Dayal Mathur Partner	C N Maheshwari	Leena Rawal	o
	Partner		Whole Time Director	
	M.No. 082990	Director	Chief Executive Office	ir.
	Date: 30.05.2024	DIN: 00125680	DIN: 03575675	

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

Pari	ticulars		2023-24	(Amount in Lacs. 2022-23
Fai	ticulars		2023-24	2022-23
A. Cas	h Flow from Operating Activities			
	Profit before tax		6.41	1.86
	ustments			1.00
	reciation / Amortization		9.11	11.15
	Gain on Value of Mutual Fund		(2.88)	(1.76
	ount Written Back		(0.34)	(2
	punt Written Off		(0.04)	0.44
Divi	dend Income		(56.01)	(36.12
	rest Income		(4.61)	(3.85
	ofit)/Loss on sale of Investments			(5.65
	ofit)/Loss on sale of PPE		(0.90)	-
	erating Profit before working Capital Changes		(40.33)	(56.30
			(49.22)	(28.29
	ustments for working Capital changes :			
	entories		<i>i</i> i	
	de and Other Payables		(3.19)	3.19
	de and Other Receivables		3.66	(3.55
	h Generated from Operations		(48.75)	(28.67
	Direct Taxes Paid/Refund		0.15	(5.62
Net	Cash from Operating activities		(48.60)	(34.27
B Cas	h Flow from Investing Activities			
Pure	chase of Fixed Assets		(7.95)	
Βuγ	Back of Equity Shares		-	(230.17
Pun	chase of Investments		(0.02)	(39.34
Sale	e of Investments		1.00	-
Inte	rest Received		4.61	3,85
Divi	dend Received		56.01	36.12
Net	Cash used in Investing Activities		53.65	(229.54
			66100	1
C Cas	h Flow from Financing Activities			
	r Corporate Loan Repaid		_	_
	cash from / (used in) financing activities			
	and the set of the set		-	-
Net	increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		5.05	(263.81
	h and cash equivalents (Opening Balance)		42.69	306.50
	h and cash equivalents (Closing Balance)*		47.74	42.69
	nge in Cash & Cash Equivalents			
Cira	nge in cash & cash equivalents		5.05	(263.81
Con	nponents of Cash & Cash Equivalents	As at	31 March 2024	As at 31 March 202:
	ances with banks			
	Current Accounts		47.58	42.49
- 06	eposits with original maturity of less than 3 months		-	•
	Cash on hand		0.16	0.20
	Cheques in hand			
Not	Cach & Cach Equivalants		47.74	40.00
	Cash & Cash Equivalents		47.74	42.69
Not				
	sh & cash equivalents components are as per Note 9.2 To Accounts	1 to 28		
oor our	report of even date	For and c	on behalf of the Bo	and of Directors
	ur Gupta & Associates			and of Directors
	Accountants			
		Shweta Chadha	5	
n kegn	.No. 003962N			onal Popli
		Chief Financial Officer		ompany Secretary
			M	I.No.A44167
deen 🛙	Dayal Mathur		ا م	ena Rawal
		C N Maheshwari		hole Time Director &
tner		wini wielicali Wali		note time pirector &
r tner No. 087	2990	Director	~	int Everything Chillen
No. 082	2990 15.2024	Director DIN: 00125680		hief Executive Officer

Alirox Abrazivea Limitod Statement of Changes in Equity for the year March 31, 2024

(Amount In Less.)

Balance of Equity Share Capital	As at	Changes during	As at	Changes during	As at
	31 March 2022	the year	31 March 2023	the year	31 Mar 2024
	24.00		24.00		24.00

B. Other equity

							Items of Other Co	Total	
Particulars	Capital Reserva	Reserve Fund	Generat Reserve	Capilal Redemption Reserve	Ratainad Eamings	Securities Premium			
As at 31.03.2022	2.47	0.33	2.00		49,26		5,605.04	210.86	6,059,95
Movement During FY 22-28						· · · ·			
Profit of the year		1.00	*:	2.85	(* .46]		590	-	(1.46)
Other comprehensive income		÷					2,144.06		2,144.06
Adjustment on account of Step down subsidiary	111.52		*	341.96	(1.337.89)	2,726.73	14.1		1,842.92
Em to ees Stack O tions Lx; ense			-					-	
As at 31.03.2023	114.20	0.33	2,00	341.98	1.269.791	2,726.73	7,949,10	210.86	10,068,02
Movement During FY 23-24							.,		
Profit of the year				-	(0.02)				(0.02)
Other comprehensive income				1			238.97		235.97
Adjustment on account of Step down subalciary					2	+	-		
Em To jees Stock Ortions Elliense									
As at 31.08.2024	114.29	0.33	2.00	341.05	(1,289.81)	2,726,73	8,166.07	210.86	10,306,49

As cer our report of even date For Mathur Gupta & Ascoclates, Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No. 003982N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shweta Chodha Chief Financial Officer

Sonal Popil Company Secretary M.No.A44167

Pradesp Dayst Mathur Partner M.No. 082990 Date: 30.05.2024

C N Maheshwari Director DIN: 00125860

Leena Rawal Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 03575675

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

Note 1 Corporate Information

The Alirox Abrasives Limited is a public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provision of the erstwhile Indian Companies Act, 1913.

Note 2 Significant accounting policies and critical accounting estimate and judgments:

Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. **Basis of Consolidation**

The Company consolidates all entities which are controlled by it. The Company establishes control when; it has power over the entity, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect the entity's returns by using its power over relevant activities of the entity. Entities controlled by the Company are consolidated from the date control commences until the date control ceases. All inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

As on 30th June, 2022, the Company's subsidiary Adhirath Power & Holdings Pvt. Ltd. held 20% equity stake in Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited ('Hareon'') (Joint Venture) pursuant to Joint Venture agreement. In the year 2018, Keshav Power Limited (The Affiliate Co. and party to the JV agreement) had given notice for breach of the joint venture agreement for delay/ failure on account of non fulfilment of its obligations under the JV agreement. As per Ind AS-31, venture had recognized investment in joint venture as per equity method, but due to non-availability of financial statements of Hareon, the Company was unable to consolidate the accounts of Hareon in terms of Ind AS-31. The said Joint Venture agreement has been terminated w.e.f. 30.06.2022. Hareon became the subsidiary of Adhirath Power & Holdings Pvt. Ltd. (wholly –owned subsidiary of the Company) w.e.f. 01.07.2022 and accordingly, the Financial results of Hareon have been consolidated with the Company (ultimate holding company) in compliance with applicable Accounting standards and/or other regulations. This does not have any material impact on the consolidated financial results of the Company.

-Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The policies set out below have been consistently applied during the years presented.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value/amortised cost:

Functional and Preparation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in 'Indian Rupees', which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. **Current vis-à-vis non-current classification**

"The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification.

The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by MCA." "An asset is classified as current when it is:

a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,

b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

All other assets are classified as non-current."

"A liability is classified as current when it is:

a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,

b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

c) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current."

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

• Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

• Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable."

(c) Critical accounting estimates and Judgments

The presentation of financial statements under Ind AS requires management to take decisions and make estimates and assumptions that may impact the value of revenues, costs, assets and liabilities and the related disclosures concerning the items involved as well as contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Significant Accounting policies

a) Property, plant and equipment

All items of Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to adopt the fair value of all of its property, plant and equipment as atApril 01, 2016 as deemed cost. The useful life and residual value of plant, property equipment and intangible assets are determined based on technical evaluation made by the management of the expected usage of the asset, the physical wear and tear and technical or commercial obsolescence of the asset. Due to the judgments involved in such estimations, the useful life and residual value are sensitive to the actual usage in future period.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) is provided over the useful life of assets as specified in schedule II to the Companies Act 2013. Property, Plant and Equipment which are added / disposed off during the year, depreciation is provided pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition / deletion. PPE is depreciated on Written Down Value method. Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

b) Employee Benefit Expenses

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market price in activate markets, their fair value is measures using valuation technique. The input to these models is taken from the observable market where possible, but this is not feasible, a review of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Changes in assumption relating to this assumption could affect the fair value of financial instrument.

d) Impairment of Financial and Non Financial Asset

"The impairment provision for financial assets is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected losses. The company uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a Non-financial asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount which is higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount."

e) Revenue recognition and other income:

Service Charges

Revenue from management services are recognized as and when services are rendered.

Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend Income:

Dividend Income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

f) Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Minimum alternate tax

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) is applicable to the Company. Credit of MAT is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognised as an asset, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as MAT credit entitlement. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose at reporting date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow deferred tax assets to be recovered.

The company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

g) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settled the obligation in respect of which reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the expense relating to provision presented in the statement of profit & loss is net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are disclosed using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed in the notes in case of:

- There is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.
- A present obligation arising from past event, when it is not probable that as outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.
- A present obligation arises from the past event, when no reliable estimate is possible.
- A present obligation arises from the past event, unless the probability of outflow is remote.
- Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Contingent assets

A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

h) Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and at bank, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdraft as they being considered as integral part of the Company's cash management.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

-Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

i) Borrowing Cost

All borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

j) Segment Reporting

The Company has no segment reporting during the year.

Non-Current Assets:

3. Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in Lacs.)

Particulars	Buildings	Computers	Total Assets
Gross block			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	214.90	1.85	216.75
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustment	-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	214.90	1.85	216.75
Additions	7.14	0.82	7.95
Disposals/Adjustment	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	222.04	2.67	224.70
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	161.64	1.64	163.27
Depreciation for the year	11.02	0.13	11.15
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	172.66	1.77	174.42
Depreciation for the year	9.07	0.04	9.11
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	181.73	1.81	183.53
Net block			(a a a
As at 31 March 2023	42.24	0.08	42.33
As at 31 March 2024	40.31	0.85	41.16

Note:- No acquisiton under business combination and revalutaion was made during the financials year.

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

Notes to Consolidated financial statements as on March 31, 2024

Non- Current Assets: Financial Assets

4 Investments

(Amount In Lacs.)

-			As at 31st March,		As at 31st March,
		No. of Shares	2024	No. of Shares	2023
	Non Current Investments:				
a)	Investments in Equity Instruments (fully paid up) - Quoted:(At FVTOCI)				
	Carborundum Universal Limited	5,340	67.73	5,340	52.51
	Dalmia Bharat Limited	240,720	4,675.14	240,720	4,741.10
	Dalmia Bharat Sugar & Industries Limited	120,360	409.40	120,360	404.35
	Dalmia Bharat Refratories Limited*	1,898,397	3,132.36	1,898,397	2,847.60
	Investments in Equity Instruments (fully paid up) - Unquoted:				-
	Eduwizards Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	10,000	0.10
	Sarvapriya Healthcare Solutions Pvt.Ltd.	23	0.00	28	0.00
	Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited			-	58 C
	Investments in Redeemable Non Convertaible Debentures - Unquoted:				
	11% Secured Strides Pharma Science Limited		39.34		39.34
	Total		8,323.98		8,085.1D
	Aggregate amount of Non-Current Investments				
	Particulars				
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments		8,323.98		8,045.66
	Market value of quoted investments		8,323.98		8,045.66
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		39.34		39.44

*Pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation of Dalmia Refractories Limited (DRL) with Dalmia Bharat Refractories Limited (DBRL) as approved by the NCLT Chennai vide its Order dated 3rd February 2022, made effective from 1st March 2022, 18,98,397 number of equity shares have been credited to the Company post closure of financial year in the ratio of 768 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each of DBRL for every 100 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each of DBRL for every 100 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each held in DRL

5 Other Non Current Asset Security Deposit TDS Receivable	0.26 0.44	0.26
105 NELEINEDIE	0.70	0.43
	0.70	0.05
6 Current financial assets		
6.1 Current Investments		
Mutual Funds (At FVTPL)		
HDFC Short Term Debt Fund	38.79	35.92
	38.79	35.92
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	38.79	35.92
Fair value of quoted Investments	38.79	35.92
6.2 Cash & Cash Equivalent		
Balances with banks		
- in Current Accounts	47.58	42.49
Cash on hand	0.16	0.20
Cheques in hand		-
Fixed deposits		-
	47.74	42.69

			As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023
7	Other Financial Assets	×			
	- Interest Receivable		2.22		2.22
		-	2.22		2.22
8	Current Tax Asset				
	- TDS Receivable/Advance Tax		10.15		9.16
			10.15	_	9.16
9	Other Current Assets:				
	Recoverable from APIIC		1,834.44		1,834.44
	Deposits with Government Authorities		42.71		42.51
	Interest Accrued on Non Current Investment		0.71		0.64
	Other Receivable		8.00		21.60
			1,885.86		1,899.19
10	Equity				
10.1	Share Capital				
	Authorised				
	1,000,000' Equity Shares of Rs 10 each		100.00		100.00
	Total		100.00		103.00
	Issued, Subscribed & fully paid up	(C)		100	
	240000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each		24.00		24.00
	Total		24.00	-	24.00
[i]	Reconciliation of number and amount of equity shares outstanding;				
		As at Mar	rch 31,2024	As at March	1 31,2023
		No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
	At the beginning of the year	2.40	24.00	2.40	24.00
	Movement for the year	-			,
					the state

Rights, restrictions and preferences attached to each class of shares

Outstanding at the end of year

The Company has only oneclass of equity shares having par value of Rs 10/- per share Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the assets of the company. The distribution will be in proportion the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

2 40

24.00

24.00

2.40

(ii) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number	% Holding	Number	% Holding
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid				
J.H.Dalmia Trust (Through its Trustees)	15,050	6.27	15,050	6.27
Kavita Dalmia Parivar Trust (through Its Trustee)	11,900	4.96	11,900	4.95
Rama Investment Co. Private Limited*	58,570	24.40	82,270	34.28
Mayuka Investment Limited	21,550	8.98		
Sita Investment Co. Ltd.	22,800	9.50	22,800	9.50

* Pursuant to the order dated April 12, 2018, the National Company Law Tribunal approved a scheme of amalgamation and arrangement which provided for (a) merger of Ankita Pratisthan Limited (Ankita), Mayuka Investment Limited (Mayuka), Puneet Trading and Investment Company Private Limited, Zipahead. Com Private Limited, Mahanadi Trading Private Limited and Shreevallabh Textile Private Limited with Rama Investment Company Private Umited; and (b) demerger of cement business of Keshav Power Limited (Keshav) and Shree Nirman Limited (SNL) into Rama Investment Company Private Limited (Rama) ("the Scheme"). However, the aforesaid Scheme was set aside by the National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT") by its order dated November 29, 2019 ("NCLAT Order") and the application for modification of the said order was also rejected vide order dated September 17, 2021. Further, an appeal was filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court on 23rd December 2021 against the NCLAT Orders to the extent NCLAT has set aside the Scheme with respect to amalgamation of Private Companies involved in the scheme. Hon'ble Supreme Court vide order dated 07th September, 2022 has disposed off the matter by setting aside the order of NCLAT dated 29th November, 2019 and confirmed the Scheme as approved by the NCLT in respect of four Private Companies with Rama. The shares belonging to Ankita and Mayuka were transferred back by Rama pursuant to reversal of merger, during the year.

(iii) Shares held by promoters/promoter group at the end of the year

		As at M	arch 31,2024	As at March 31,2023		
S.Na.	Promoter Name	No of Shares	% of total Shares	No of Shares	% of total Shares	% Change during the year
1	Shri Gautam Dalmia	325	0.001	4600	1.92	(1.92)
Z	Shri Yadu Hari Dalmia	325	0.001	325	0.001	
3	Smt. Kavita Dalmia	11,150	4.65	٥	D	4.65
4	Smt. Sela Dalmia	325	0.001	325	0.001	
5	Smt.Anupama Dalmia	325	0.001	7200	3	(3.00)
6	Rama Investment Co Pvt Ltd	58,570	24.4	82270	34.28	(9.88)
7	Sita Investment Co Ltd	22,800	9.5	22800	9.5	
8	Shree Nirman Limited	11,950	4.98	11950	4.98	· · · ·
9	Kavita Dalmia Parivar Trust through its trustee	11,900	4.96	11900	4.96	-
10	Shrl Brahma Creation Trust through its trustees	800	0.33	800	0.33	
11	Ankita Pratisthan Limited	2,150	0.9	0	0	0.90
12	Mayuka Investment Limited	21,550	8.98	0	0	8.98
13	J.H. Dalmia Trust through its trustees	15,050	6.27	15050	6.27	

As per records of the company, including register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

10.2 Other Equity

0.2 Other Equity		
	As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,
	2024	2023
a. Capital Reserves		
Opening Balance	114.29	2.47
(+) Adjustment on account of Step Down Subsidiary		111.82
Closing Balance	114.29	114.29
b. Reserve Fund		
Opening Balance	0.33	0.33
Closing Balance	0.33	0.33
c. General Reserve		
Opening Balance	2.00	2.00
Closing Balance	2.00	2.00
d. Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening Balance	341.96	1.00
(+) Adjustment on account of Step Down Subsidiary		341.96
Closing Balance	341.96	341.96
e. Securities Premium		
Opening Balance	2,726.73	
(+) Adjustment on account of Step Down Subsidiary		2,726.73
Closing Balance	2,726.73	2,726.73
f. Surplus/Retained Earnings		
Opening balance	(1,289.79)	49.26
Add :Adjustment on account of Step Down Subsidiary	-	(1,337.59)
(+) Net Profit/(Net Loss) For the current year	(0.02)	(1.46)
Remeasurement effect	<i>w</i> .	-
Closing Balance	(1,289.81)	(1,289.79)
g. Comprehensive Income		
Income recognised on Equity instruments	8,159.96	6,015.90
Addition During The year	238.97	2,144.06
Total income recognised on Equity instruments	8,398.93	8,159.96
Acturial Gain & Losses on DBO		
Closing Balance	8,398.93	8,159.96
Grand Total	10,306,49	10,068.02
	,	20,000.01

Nature and Purpose Of Reserves

a. Capital reserve represents funds to be utilised for specific purposes

b. General Reserve is free reserve created by the Company by transfer from retained earnings.

 $\mathbf{c},$ Reserve Fund is free reserve created by the Company

d. Equity instruments through other comprehensive income - The Company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of investment in equity instruments in other comprehensive income. The changes are accumulated with in Fair Value through Other Comprehensive income equity instruments reserve with in equity. The Company will transfer the amount from this reserve to retained earnings when the refevant equity securities are derecognised.

	current liabilities			
		As at 31st March,		As at 31st March,
		2024		2023
11	Deferred Tax Liability (Net)			
	On account of Property, Plant & Equipment	8.19		10.38
		8.19		10.38
	Movement in deferred tax items	Opening Balance	Recagnised in Profit & Loss Account	Closing Balance
	FY 22-23		Account	
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) on account of			
	Difference In Book value of Tangible and Intangible assets	10.38	(2.20)	
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) on account of Disallownace		-	
		10.38	(2.20)	8.19
		Opening Balance	Bernetindle	Classica Balanca
-	FY 22-23	Opening balance	Profit & Loss	Closing Balance
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Account	
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) on account of	3		
	Difference in Book value of Tangible and Intangible assets	13.75	(2.85)	
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) on account of Disallownace		(0.53)	10.38
	Net Deferred tax liability / (asset)	13.75	(3.38)	10.38
Curre	nt liabilities			
12	Finançıal Liabilitles			
(A)	Total Outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises Total Outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises	-		-
(B)	and small enterprises*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0.30
				0.30
	* Provision for Audit Fees therefore no ageing required.			
13	Other current liabilities			
	Statutory Liabilities	0.27		3.69
	Other Payables	3.10		4.57
		3.36		8.25
14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Provision for Income Tax	8.56		6.15
		8.56		6.16

ALIROX ABRASIVES LIMITED

Notes to Consolidated financial statements as on March 31, 2024

			(Amount in Lacs
Note No	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ender
15 Revenue from o	nerations	March 31, 2024	March 31, 202
Service Charges	-	45.60	45.60
		45.60	45.60
16 Other income			
Amount V	Vritten Back	0.34	-
Interest ir	icome from bank/others	4.49	3.50
Dividend i	ncome	56.01	36.12
Net gain/I	oss on value of Mutual Funds	2.88	1.7
Interest o	n IT Refund	0.12	0.3
Profit on I	Redemption on MF units/Sale of investment	0.90	0.0
		64.73	41.74
17 Finance Cost			
Interest on Borr	owings	-	-
			-
18 Employee benef	its expense		
Salaries, w	ages, Allowances & Commission	57.60	45.0
Staff welfa	re expenses	1.44	0.1
	d amortization expense		
Depreciatio	on of tangible assets	9.11	11.1
0 Other expenses		0.10	
Printing &		0.18	0.2
	and Water Charges	4.42	
Advertisen	and water Charges nent & Publicity	0.45	4.70 0.41
Advertisen Insurance	nent & Publicity	0.45	0.4 0.3
Advertisen Insurance Rates and t	nent & Publicity taxes	0.45	0.4 0.3 0.7
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors	0.45 - 0.76	0.4 0.3 0.7
Advertisen Insurance Rates and F Payment to - as audito	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or	0.45 - 0.76 1.25	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 -	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services al Charges	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0 - 14.2
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55	0.4 0.3 0.7 2.0 14.2 0.5
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees itting fees	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0 - 14.2 0.5 0.7
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s General M	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees litting fees aintainence	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12 0.91	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0 - 14.2 0.5 : 0.7 1.6
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s General M Service Ch	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees litting fees aintainence larges	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12 0.91 0.81	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0 - 14.2 0.5 0.7 1.6 0.6
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s General M Service Ch Depository	nent & Publicity taxes or the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees litting fees aintainence larges r Charges	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12 0.91 0.81 0.29	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0 - 14.2 0.5 0.7 1.6 0.6 0.1
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s General M Service Ch Depository Filing Fees	nent & Publicity taxes o the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees itting fees aintainence harges (Charges	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12 0.91 0.81 0.29 21.66	0.43 0.33 0.74 - 2.09 - 14.23 0.53 0.74 1.65 0.66 0.14 0.33
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s General M Service Ch Depository Filing Fees Miscellane	nent & Publicity taxes or the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees litting fees aintainence harges r Charges	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12 0.91 0.81 0.29 21.66 0.93	0.4 0.3 0.7 - 2.0
Advertisen Insurance Rates and Payment to - as audito - for othe Profession Listing & P Directors s General M Service Ch Depository Filing Fees Miscellane	nent & Publicity taxes or the auditors or r services al Charges rocessing Fees litting fees aintainence larges r Charges	0.45 - 0.76 1.25 - 2.06 0.55 1.12 0.91 0.81 0.29 21.66	0.43 0.33 0.74 - 2.09 - 14.23 0.53 0.74 1.65 0.66 0.14 0.33

21 Tax expense

Current tax	8.56	6.16
Deferred tax		0.20
- Deferred tax (Asset)/Liability	(2.20)	(2.85)
Income Tax pertaining to earlier years	-	-
	6.36	3.31
Reconciliation of income tax expense and the accounting profit		
multiplied by Company's tax rate:		
Profit / (loss) before tax	6.41	1.88
Income tax rate	26%	26%
Tax on Income	1.67	0.49
Tax effect of items in reconciliations		
Effect of expenses that are non-deductible in determining taxable		
profit	9.11	3.34
Effect of expenses that are deductible in determining taxable profit	5.11	2.21
Encor of expenses that the deduction in determining taxeoic pront	(4.42)	(7.14)
	(442)	(7.14)
Income Tax Expense	6.36	(3.31)
		(/
22 Other Comprehensive Income		
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Re-measurement gains/(losses) on Investment	238.97	2,144.06
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		,
- Fair valuation of equity instruments at FVTOCi		
Total Other Comprehensive Income	238.97	2,144.06
23 Earning per Share		
Profit after tax	(0.03)	10.00
	(0.02)	(1.46)
Number of equity shares outstanding during the period (weighted	2.40	2.40
average)	2.40	10.00
Nominal value of equity shares (Rs 10.00 each)	10.00	10.00
Earning per share (Rs.) Basic	(0.01)	(0.06)
Earning per share (Rs. Diluted	(0.01)	(0.06)
		, -,

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

Note 24 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instruments of another entity.

(a) Investment and other Financial Assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

 those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through Other Comprehensive income or through profit or loss) and

those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in the statement of profit and loss or Other Comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments in subsidiaries, the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at cost.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. The Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, and there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109, 'Financial Instruments', which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

• Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised. Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for year ended March 31, 2024

control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Contributed equity:

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax from the proceeds.

(b) Financial Liabilities & Equity

Classification as debt or equity

Equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and financial guarantee contracts.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Those payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less otherwise they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Offsetting of financial instrument

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all potential dilutive equity shares.

Note-25 Related Party Disclosures

- A) Relationships
- (i) Subsidiary Company :- Adhirath Power and Holdings Pvt. Ltd.

Step Down Subsidiary Company: - Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited

 (ii) Key Managerial Personnel Smt. Leena Rawal

Smt. Shweta Chadha Ms. Sonal Popli Whole Time Director/ Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

(iii) Promoters of the Company:Shri Yadu Hari Dalmia and Shri Gautam Dalmia

(iv) Enterprises having Promoters in common with the Company (including its subsidiaries) with which transaction has taken place during the year:

Dalmia Bharat Limited, Dalmia Bharat Refratories Limited, Dalmia Bharat Sugar and Industries Limited, Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Limited (B) The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business:

Nature of Transaction	Key Management Personnel/Promoters			ses having Promoters	Тс	otal
	For the year ended31st March, 2024	For the year ended31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31 st March, 2024	For the year ended 31 st March, 2023	For the year ended 31 st March,2024	For the year ended 31 st March,2023
Service Charges Paid:- (Including GST) Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Ltd.	-	_	0.92	0.71	0.92	0.7
Service Charges Received:- (Including GST) Dalmia BharatRefractories Ltd. Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Ltd.		-	47.20	47.20	47.20	47.2
Salary and Perquisities: Smt. Leena Rawal Smt. Shweta Chadha Smt.Sonal Popli	29.02 18.14 8.34	22.11 14.60 7.22	-	-	29.02 18.14 8.34	22.1 14.6 7.2
Loan & Advances : Smt Leena Rawal Smt. Sonal Popií	5.00	-		-	5.00 5.00	
Dividend Received Dalmia Bharat Refractories Ltd. Dalmia Bharat Ltd. Dalmia Bharat Sugar and Industries Ltd.	-	-	28.48 21.66 5.72	9.49 12.03 4.81	28.48 21.66 5.72	9.4 12.0 4.8
Reimbursement of Expenses Shri Chamundeswari Minerals Ltd.	_	-	_	0.37	_	0.3
Directors Sitting Fees ShriC.Nagaratnam ShriL.N.Goyal	0.38 0.38	0.06 0.29	-	-	0.38 0.38	0.0 0.2
ShriM.L.Dujari Shri C N Maheshwari	- 0.36	0.14	-	-	- 0.36	0.1

(C) Balance Outstanding at year end:

	Key Management Enterprises having Personnel/Promoters Common Promoters		Total			
Nature of Transaction	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2023
Net Amount Receivable/ Payable						
Receivable-Leena Rawal	3.60	0.47			3.60	0.47
Payable-Shweta Chadha	0.50	1.79	-	-	0.50	1.79
Receivable-Sonal Popli	3.80	-	-	-	3.80	-

Note -26Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date

No adjusting or significant non adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and date of authorization of financial statements.

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Financial Risk Factors

The Company's operational activities expose to financial risks of liquidity. The Company realizes that risks are inherent and integral aspect of any business. The primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks and devise appropriate risk management framework for the Company. The senior management provides assurance that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

A. Liquidity Risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash credit facilities, short term loans and buyers credit. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contracted undiscounted payments (excluding transaction cost on borrowings).

Table hereunder provides the current ratio of the Company as at the yearend:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March,2023		
Total current Assets	1984.75	1989.17		
Total Current Liabilities	11.92	14.71		
Current Ratio	166.52	135.27		

Financial Instrument – Disclosure

This section explains the judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard.

5.No	Particulars Financial Assets designated at fair value through Profit	A	Fair Value Hierarchy Level-1	As at 31 st March,2024		As at 31 st March,2023	
				Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	& Loss Current -investment			38.79	38.79	35.92	35.92
2	Financial Assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income Non –Current -Investment in Equity Shares	В	Level-1	8284.64	8284.64	8045.66	8045.66
3	Financial Assets designated at amortised cost Current -Cash & Cash Equivalents* -Loan* -Other Financial Assets*			47.74	47.74	42.69	42.69

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

A Company has opted to fair value its mutual fund investment through profit & loss.

B Company has opted to fair value its quoted investments in equity share through OCI.

* The carrying amounts are considered to be the same as their fair values due to short term nature.

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Note : 27 Disclosure of Ratios

Ratio	Basis	Numerator	Denominator	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23	% Variance	Reason for Variance>25%
Current ratio	Times	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	166.52	135.27	23.10	
Debt-equity ratio	Times	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	-	-	-	
Debt service coverage ratio	Times	Net Profit before taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.	Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	-	-	-	
Return on equity ratio	%	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	(0.0001)	(0.0180)	-100.83	Due to increase in consolidated income
Inventory turnover ratio	Times	Revenue from operations	Average Inventory	-	-	-	
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Times	Net Credit Sales	Average Accounts Receivable	-	-	-	
Trade payables turnover ratio	Times	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	-	-	-	
Net capital turnover ratio	Times	Revenue from operations	Average Working Capital	0.02	0.04	-42.24	Due to change in working capital
Net profit ratio	%	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	(0.03)	{3.20}	-98.96	Due to increase in other income
Return on capital employed	%	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed(i)	0.0620	0.0186	233.35	Due to change in capital employed
Return on investment	%	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in investments	0.5354	0.5354	0.33	

(i) Capital Employed= Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liabilities

Note 28: Additional Disclosure

a) The Company do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not in the name of the company.

b) Since, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment, the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017, is not required.

c) The company has not made any Advances during the year under review in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013,) either severally or jointly with any other person.

d) The company has no Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) for disclosing its ageing.

e) The company has no Intangible assets under development for disclosing its ageing.

f) No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder as at the end of the financial year.

g) The Company has not made any borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

h) The company was not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender during the financial year.

i) During the financial year ended 31 Mar 2024 and 31 Mar 2023 the Company does not have any relationship with Struck off Companies and the corresponding balances are Nil as at 31 Mar 2024 and 31 Mar 2023.

j) No charges or satisfaction exists for Company which are required to be registered with Registrar within statutory period during the financial year.

k) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 during the financial year.

The company has not applied for any Scheme of Arrangements to the Competent Authority in terms of sections
 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under review.

m) The company has not received/advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) through Intermediaries during the financial year.

n) The Company does not have any transaction that was not recorded in the books of accounts and has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

o) The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, regarding the Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2023-24.

p) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

q) The company has not taken any borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose at the balance sheet date.

Name of the entity in the Group	Net Asset		Share in profit & loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit & loss	Amount	As % of Other Comprehensive Income	Amount	As % of Total Comprehensive Income	Amount
Alirox Abrasives Limíted	82.23%	8494.69	-114.81%	-1.75	100%	238.97	99.28%	237.23
Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited	18.69%	1930.64	133.18%	2.03	-	-	0.85%	2.03
Adhirath Power & Holdings Pvt. Ltd.	-0.92%	-8.31	-19.68%	-0.30	-	-	-0.13%	-0.30

Previous year figures are not comparable due to consolidation of Hareon Dalmia Solar Private Limited in the Previous Year.

As per our report of even date For Mathur Gupta & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn.No. 003962N

Shweta Chadha Chief Financial Officer

SonalPopli Company Secretary M.No.A44167

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

PradeepDayalMathur Partner M.No. 082990 Date: 30.05.2024

C N Maheshwari Director DIN: 00125680 LeenaRawal Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 03575675